

# Fourier Analysis for Sampling and Reconstruction

Cyril Soler

INRIA, LJK, Grenoble University

# Outline

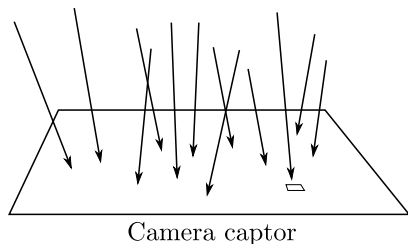
- ▶ Motivation
- ▶ Fourier spectrum along light paths
- ▶ Representations of the spectrum

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- ▶ **Motivation**
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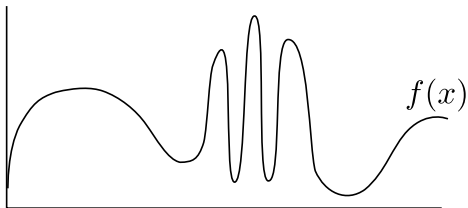
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- ▶ light field at captor is
  - ▶ integrated in the angular domain
  - ▶ sampled in the spatial domain



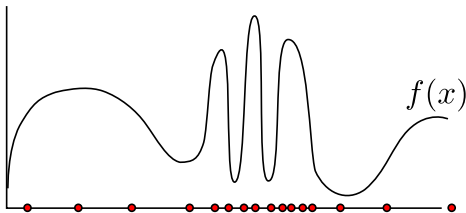
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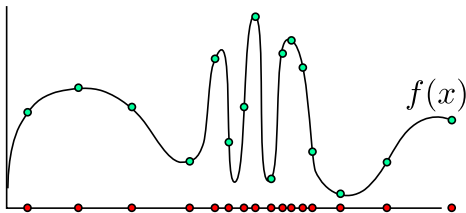
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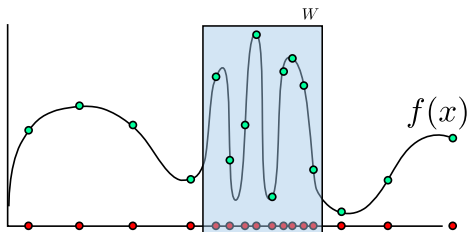
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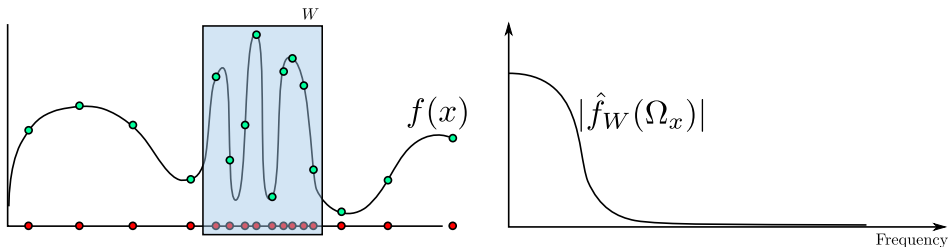
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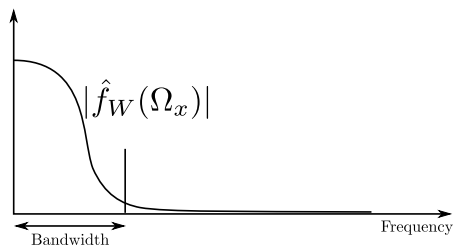
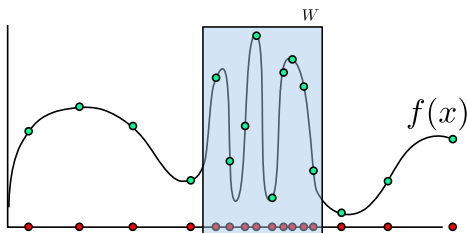
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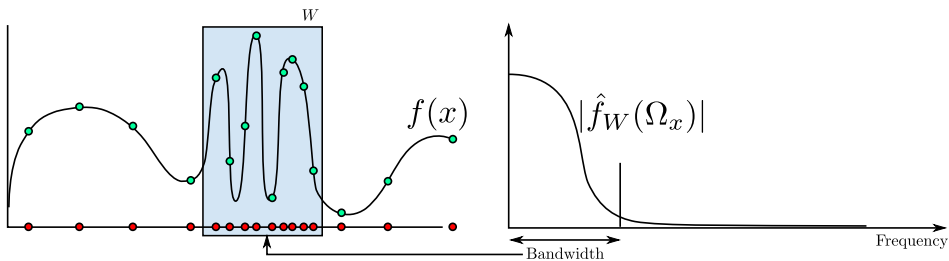
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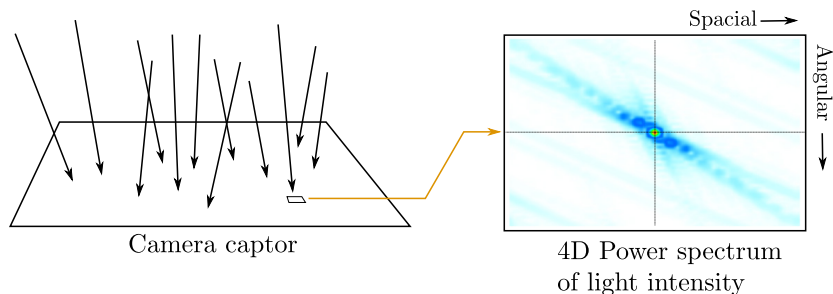
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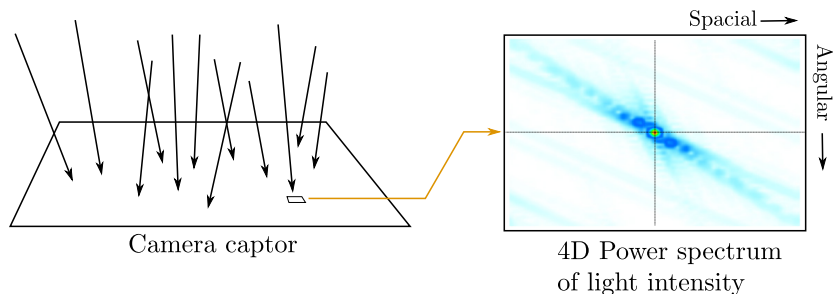
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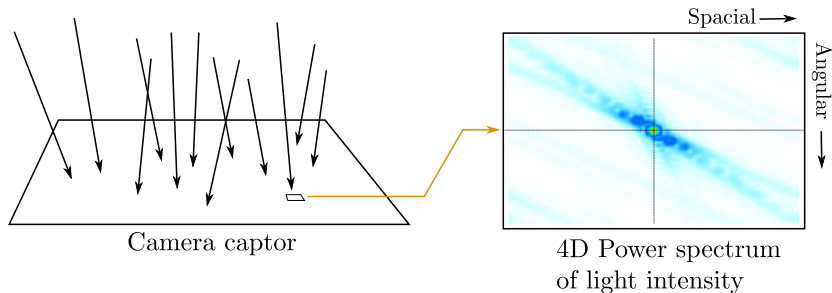
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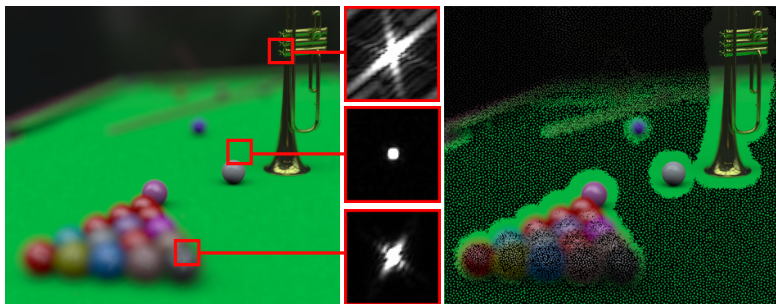
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[Soler, Subr, *et al.* TOG'2009]

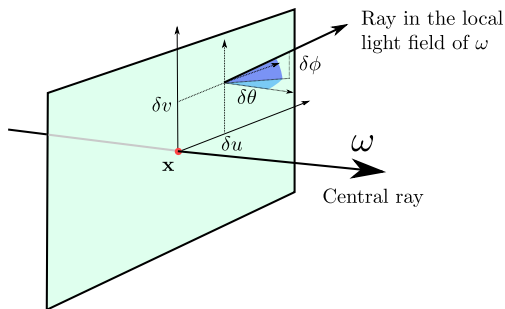
## So, can we predict the local image spectrum??

→ add up spectra of local light fields along light paths



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- ▶ use of a 4D paraxial parameterization
- ▶ ...and analyze the effect of the various light transport events
- ▶ accumulate at captor



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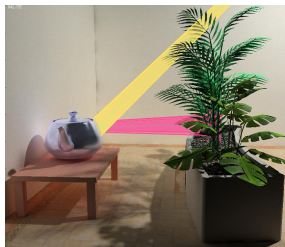
### Primal space



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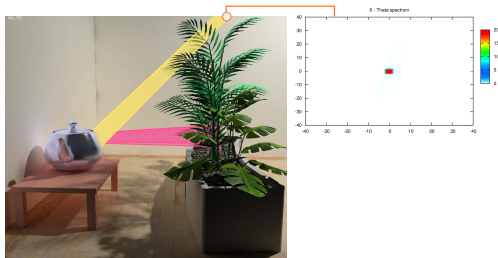


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Primal space

Fourier space

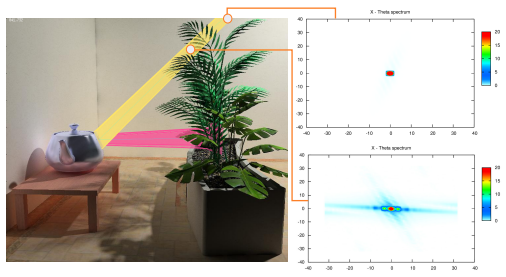


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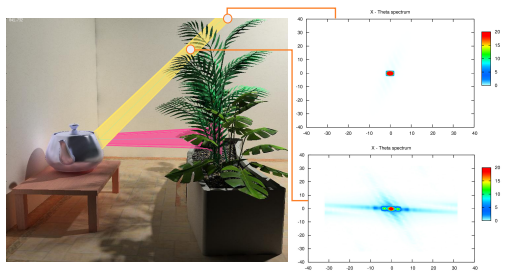


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Occlusion



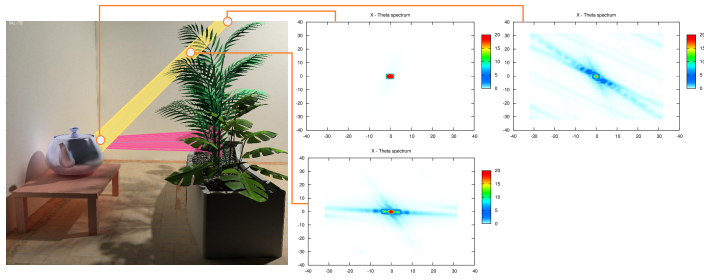
Convolution

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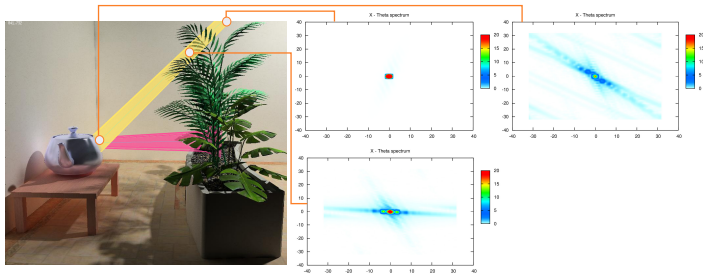
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Primal space

Fourier space

Space travel  
OcclusionShear  
Convolution

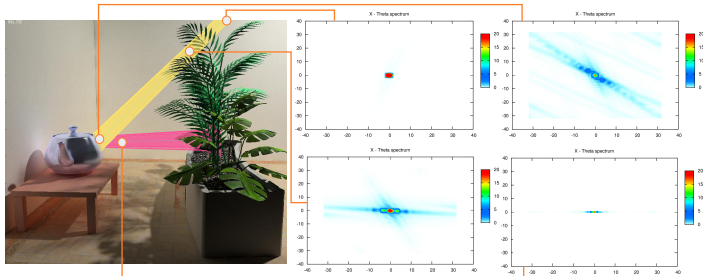


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Primal space

Fourier space



Space travel  
Occlusion  
Reflectance



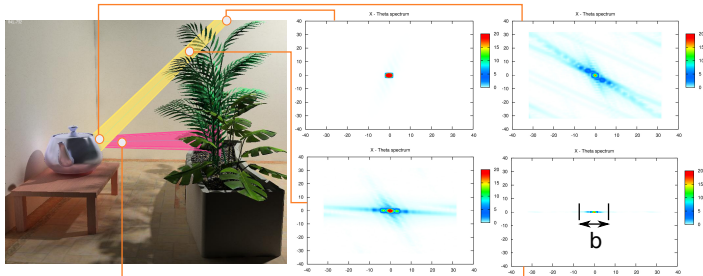
Shear  
Convolution  
Angular product

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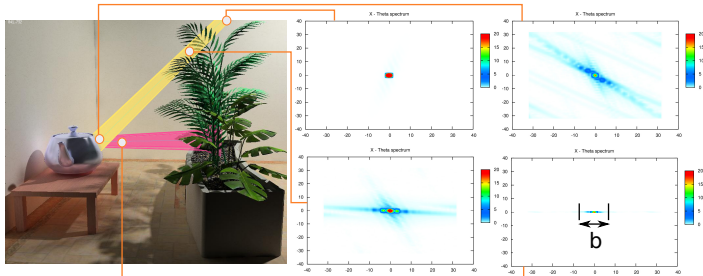
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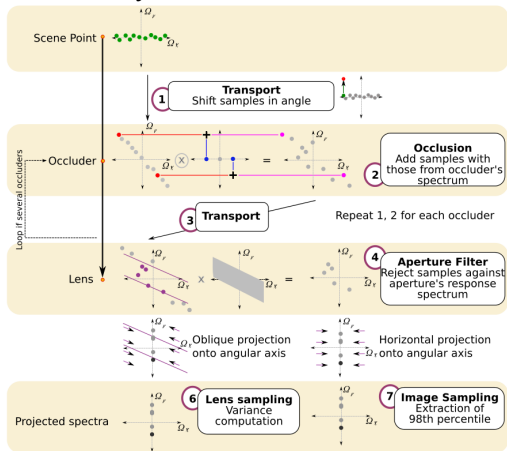
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# Representations of the power spectrum

- ▶ **sampling** [Soler'2009]
- ▶ **explicit calculations** [Egan'2009] [Egan'2011] [Mehta'2013+2014]
- ▶ **bounding box** [Bagher'2011]
- ▶ **covariance** [Belcour'2013+2014][Munkberg'2014]

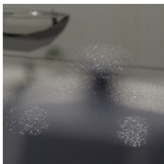
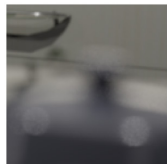
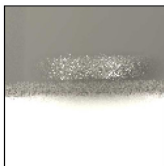
# Spectrum representations: sampling

Idea: represent the spectrum by a collection of 4D/2D samples, transform them individually, and extract the bandwidth



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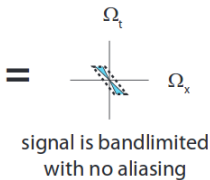
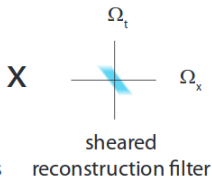
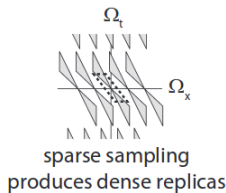
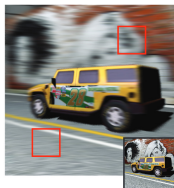
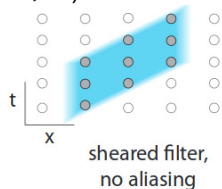
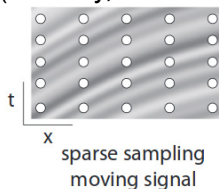
Adaptive

Uniform (same time)

[Soler'2009]

# Spectrum representations: explicit calculations

Idea: perform explicit Fourier analysis in 2D of each phenomena (visibility, motion blur, ...) and translate to 4D.



[Egan'2009]

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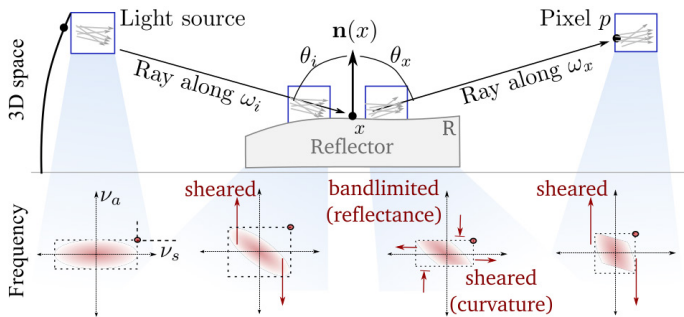


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# Spectrum representations: bounding box

Idea: represent bandwidth as the "bounding box" of the power spectrum. Apply operators to that bounding box.



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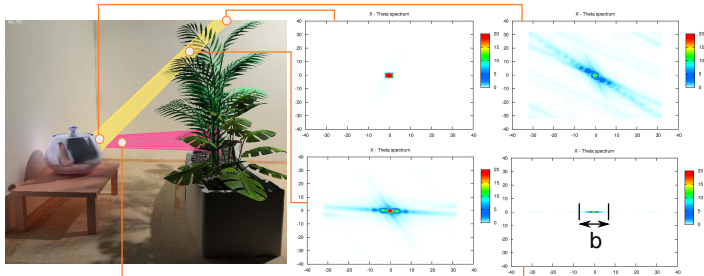
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# Spectrum representations: covariance matrices

- ▶ the covariance gives anisotropy of the spectrum, shapes for reconstruction filters, and optimal kernels for density estimation
- ▶ it's related to second derivatives
- ▶ it's easy to update without ever manipulating explicit spectra

Primal space

Fourier space



Space travel  
Occlusion  
Reflectance



Shear  
Convolution  
Angular product

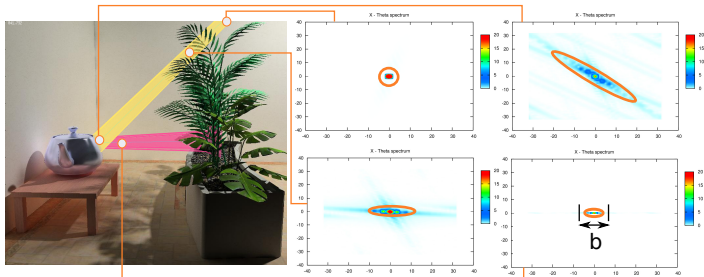
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Spectral covariance



$$\Sigma$$

(4x4 matrix!)

$$S(\mathbf{X}) \approx e^{-\mathbf{X}^T \Sigma^{-1} \mathbf{X}}$$

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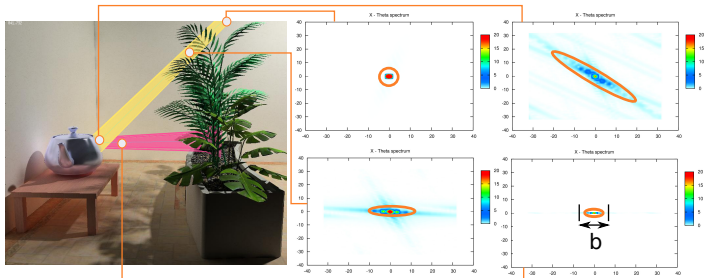
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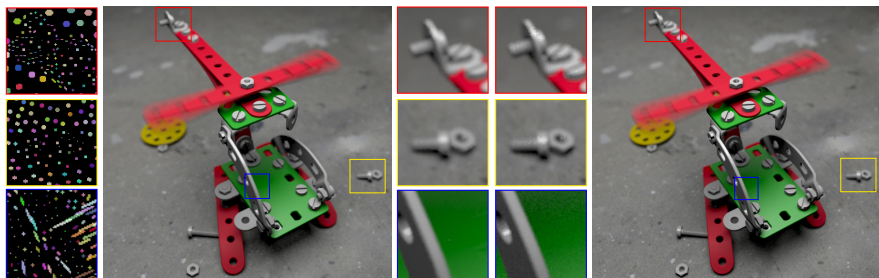


Shear  
Convolution  
Angular product

Left-right product  
Sum of matrices  
Product + p-inverse

## Efficient 5D Image reconstruction

$\Sigma \rightarrow$  image-space reconstruction filters (4D/5D spectrum, scene)



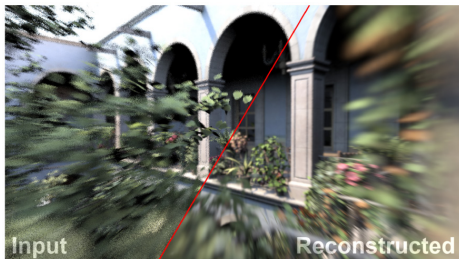
(a) Filters

(b) Our method

(c) Equal time path tracing (xx paths per pixel)

[Belcour *et al.* TOG'2011]

# Real time reconstruction



Input samples (8 spp)

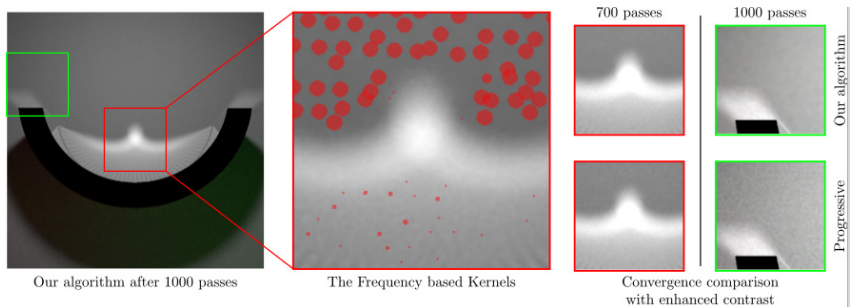
Our filter  $32 \times 32$   
80 ms

Our filter  $44 \times 44$   
436 ms

Reference (1024 spp)

[Munkberg'2014]










## Density estimation methods

 $\Sigma \rightarrow$  optimal size of density estimation kernels


[Belcour. Siggraph'2012 poster]



## Spectrum representations: Summary

	Speed	Generic	Full 4D/5D	Computational complexity
Bounding box			NO	Very low
Covariance			YES	low
Sampling			YES	
Explicit			NO	low

# Conclusion

- ▶ It took several years and many people to refine the ideas
- ▶ The maths are sometimes scary but actually hide simple concepts
- ▶ Even very approximate calculations give useful predictions