

**General Instructions:** Same as in Homework 1.

**Honor Principle:** Same as in Homework 1.

6. Is  $\text{DTIME}(2^n) = \text{DTIME}(2^{0.9n})$ ? You can answer “yes,” “no,” or “I think this is an open question.” Give clear reasons! Prove that there is a constant  $\alpha < 1$  such that  $3\text{SAT} \in \text{DTIME}(2^{\alpha n})$ . [2 points]
7. Imagine it is 1980: Savitch’s Theorem is common knowledge, but no one knows yet how  $\text{NSPACE}(f(n))$  relates to  $\text{coNSPACE}(f(n))$ . Despite this, a clever padding argument, together with the deterministic space hierarchy theorem, suffices to establish a somewhat weak nondeterministic space hierarchy theorem. Prove this. Specifically, give a proof that if  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are real-valued constants with  $0 < \alpha < \beta$ , then  $\text{NSPACE}(n^\alpha) \neq \text{NSPACE}(n^\beta)$ . [2 points]
8. Consider the language

$$\text{ALL}_{\text{NFA}} = \{ \langle \Sigma, M \rangle : M \text{ is a nondeterministic finite automaton over } \Sigma \text{ such that } \mathcal{L}(M) = \Sigma^* \}.$$

Note that the alphabet  $\Sigma$  is specified as part of the encoding of the NFA,  $M$ . Prove that  $\text{ALL}_{\text{NFA}}$  is PSPACE-complete. Hint: While reducing from TQBF may be tempting as an approach, it may be a better idea to carefully study the proof of [Sipser, Theorem 5.13] and try to adapt that. [2 points]