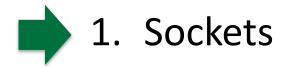
CS 10: Problem solving via Object Oriented Programming

Client/Server

Main goals

- Implement a server and a client through sockets
- Implement multiple threads

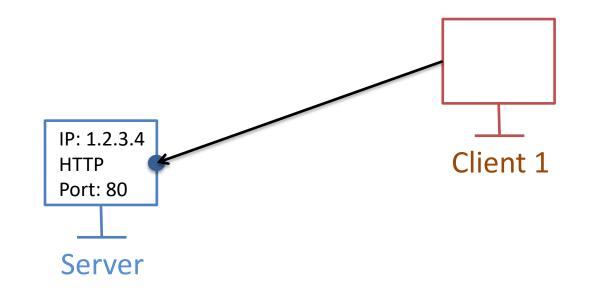




2. Server

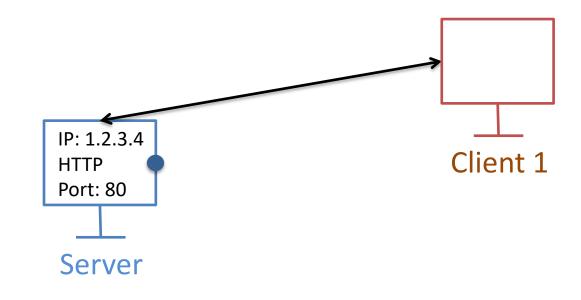
3. Multithreaded server

4. Chat server



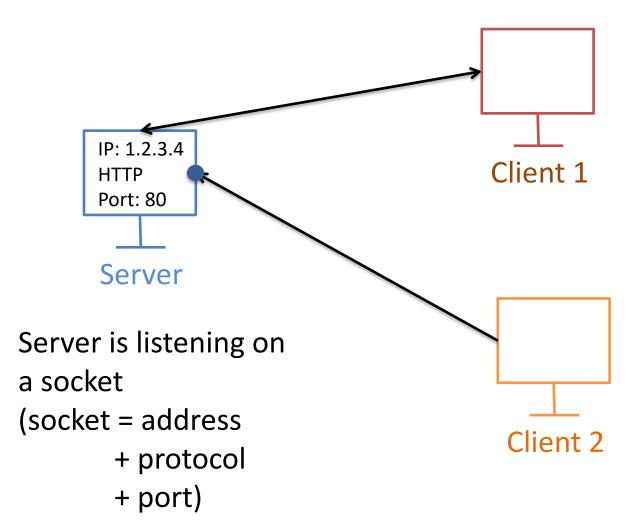
- Client 1 makes connection over socket
- Server receives connection, moves communications to own socket

Server is listening on a socket (socket = address + protocol + port)

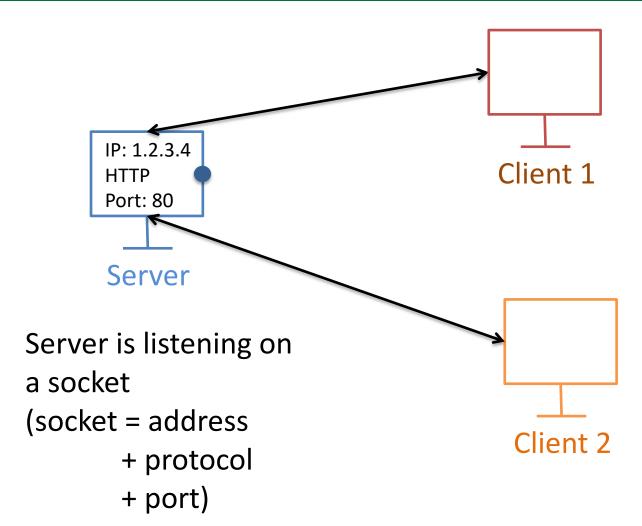


- Client 1 makes connection over socket
- Server receives connection, moves communications to own socket
- Server returns to listening
- Server talking to Client 1 and ready for others

Server is listening on a socket (socket = address + protocol + port)



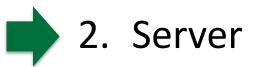
Client 2 makes
 connection over
 socket



- Client 2 makes connection over socket
- Server receives connection, moves communications to own socket
- Server returns to listening
- Server talking to client 1 and 2 ready for others



1. Sockets



3. Multithreaded server

4. Chat server

DEMO HelloServer.java: create our own server that listens for clients to connect

HelloServer.java

Run HelloServer.java

From terminal type "telnet localhost 4242"

Quit telnet session with Control +] then type "quit"

Try connecting from multiple terminals

We can create our own server that will listen for clients to connect and respond

HelloServer.java

```
12 public class HelloServer {
13⊝
       public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
14
           // Listen on a server socket for a connection
15
           System.out.println("waiting for someone to connect");
           ServerSocket listen = new ServerSocket(4242);
16
17
           // When someone connects, create a specific socket for them
18
           Socket sock = listen.accept();
19
           System.out.println("someone connected");
20
21
           // Now talk with them
22
           PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(sock.getOutputStream(), true);
23
           BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(sock.getInputStream()));
24
           out.println("who is it?");
25
           String line;
26
           while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
27
               System.out.println("received:" + line);
28
               out.println("hi " + line + "! anybody else there?");
29
           3
30
           System.out.println("client hung up");
31
32
           // Clean up shop
33
           out.close();
34
           in.close();
35
           sock.close();
           listen.close();
36
37
       }
38 }
```



IP: localhost

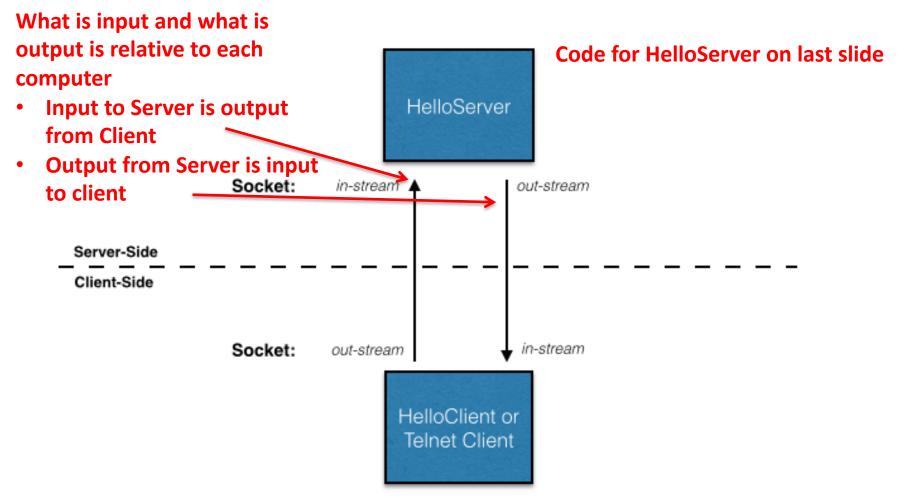
Port: 4242

Server

TCP

We can also create our own client too

HelloServer.java and HelloClient.java



DEMO HelloClient.java: our Client that talks to our Server

HelloClient.java

Run HelloClient.java (waits for Server to come up)

Run HelloServer.java

Our Client talks to our Server

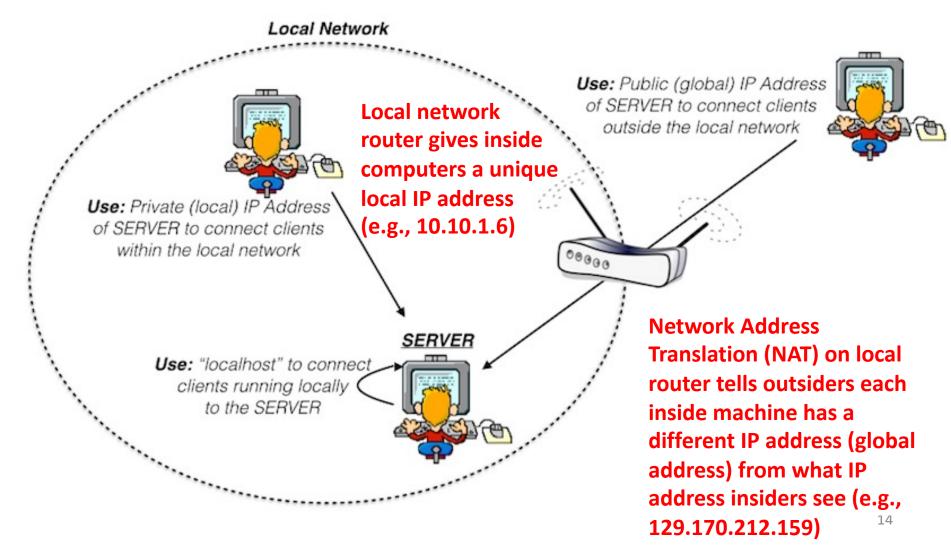
HelloClient.java

```
11 public class HelloClient {
129
       public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
13
           String host = "localhost"; //"localhost" or something like "129.170.212.159"
14
           int port = 4242:
15
           int connectionDelay = 5000; //in milisecs, 5000 = 5 seconds
16
           Scanner console = new Scanner(System.in);
17
18
           // Open the socket with the server, and then the writer and reader
19
           Socket sock = null:
20
           boolean connected = false;
21
           System.out.println("connecting...");
22
           while (!connected) {
23
               try {
24
                    //try to connect to server, throws error if server not up (which we catch)
25
                    sock = new Socket(host,port);
26
                    connected = true;
27
               }
28
                catch (Exception e) {
29
                    //server not up, wait connectionDelay/1000 seconds and try again
30
                    System.out.println("\t server not ready, trying again in " + connectionDelay/1000 +
31
                    Thread.sleep(connectionDelay); //wait
32
               }
33
           }
34
35
           //set up input and output over socket
36
           PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(sock.getOutputStream(), true);
37
           BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(sock.getInputStream()));
38
           System.out.println("...connected");
39
40
           // Now listen and respond
41
           String line;
42
           while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
43
               // Output what you read
44
               System.out.println(line);
45
46
               // Get user input from keyboard to write to the open socket (sends to server)
47
                String name = console.nextLine();
48
               out.println(name);
49
           }
50
           System.out.println("server hung up");
51
52
           // Clean up shop
53
           console.close():
```



Friends can connect to your server if they connect to the right IP address

Run MyIPAdressHelper.java to get your address, edit HelloClient.java



DEMO: Connecting from another machine

HelloServer.java and HelloClient.java

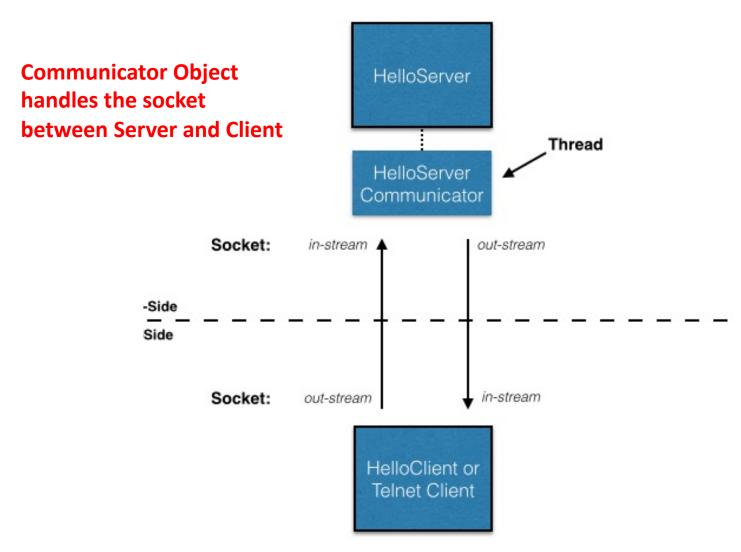
- Run MyIPAddressHelper on server to get IP
- Start HelloServer.java on server
- Edit HelloClient.java to change localhost to server IP address
- Run HelloClient on client machines and make connection
- Connect from student machine?

Agenda

- 1. Sockets
- 2. Server
- 3. Multithreaded server
 - 4. Chat server

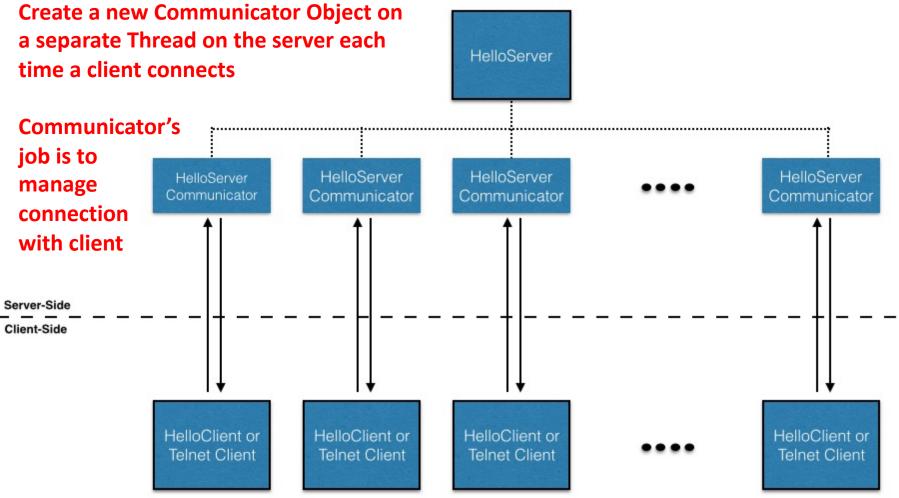
We can create a "Communicator" on a separate thread for each connection

One Communicator allocated for a single client



We can create a "Communicator" on a separate thread for each connection

Multiple Communicators allocated for multiple clients



DEMO HelloMultithreadedServer.java: handle multiple Clients concurrently

HelloMultithreadedServer.java

 Starts new thread with new HelloServerCommunicator on each connection

HelloServerCommunicator.java

- Extends Thread
- Override run
- Tracks thread ID
- Otherwise the same as single threaded version

Run HelloMultithreadedServer.java with multiple telnets

By using Threads, one Server can handle multiple concurrent Clients

HelloMultithreadedServer.java

```
14 public class HelloMultithreadedServer {
       private ServerSocket listen; // where clients initially connect
15
16
17⊝
       public HelloMultithreadedServer(ServerSocket listen) {
18
           this.listen = listen;
19
       }
20
210
       /**
        * Listens to listen and fires off new communicators to handle the clients
22
        */
23
249
       public void getConnections() throws IOException {
25
           System.out.println("waiting for someone to connect");
26
           // Just keep accepting connections and firing off new threads to handle them.
27
           int num = 0;
28
          while (true) {
29
               //listen.accept in next line blocks until a connection is made
30
               HelloServerCommunicator client = new HelloServerCommunicator(listen.accept(), num++);
31
               client.setDaemon(true); // handler thread terminates when main thread does
32
               client.start(); //start new thread running
33
34
           }
35
36
       }
37
38⊝
       public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
           new HelloMultithreadedServer(new ServerSocket(4242)).getConnections();
39
40
41 }
     Big idea: start a new thread whenever a client connects
47
     so this thread can go back to listening for new clients
```

HelloServerCommunicator runs on its own Thread, handles one Client's connection

HelloServerCommunicator.java

```
9 public class HelloServerCommunicator extends Thread {
        private Socket sock = null;
10
                                        // to talk with client
11
        private int id;
                                         // for marking the messages (just for clarity in reading conso
12
139
        public HelloServerCommunicator(Socket sock, int id) {
14
            this.sock = sock;
 15
            this.id = id;
16
       }
17
18⊝
        /**
         * The body of the thread is basically the same as what we had in main() of the single-threade
19
20
         */
▲21⊝
        public void run() {
22
            // Smother any exceptions, to match the signature of Thread.run()
23
            try {
                System.out.println("#" + id + " connected");
24
 25
 26
                // Communication channel
27
                BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(sock.getInputStream()));
 28
                PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(sock.getOutputStream(), true);
 29
 30
                // Talk
 31
                out.println("who is it?");
32
                String line;
 33
                while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
                    System.out.println("#" + id + " received:" + line);
 34
                    out.println("hi " + line + "! anybody else there?");
 35
 36
                }
37
                System.out.println("#" + id + " hung up");
 38
 39
                // Clean up
 40
                out.close();
                in.close():
41
 42
                sock.close();
43
            }
44
            catch (IOException e) {
45
                e.printStackTrace();
 46
            }
47
       }
48 }
```

Agenda

- 1. Sockets
- 2. Server
- 3. Multithreaded server
- 4. Chat server

DEMO: Chat application

ChatServer.java and ChatClient.java

- Run MyIPAddressHelper on server to get IP
- Start ChatSever.java on server
- Edit ChatClient.java to change localhost to server IP address (in main())
- Run ChatClient.java to connect to ChatServer
- Run ChatClient.java from student machine?

Goal: Chat server allows communication between multiple clients

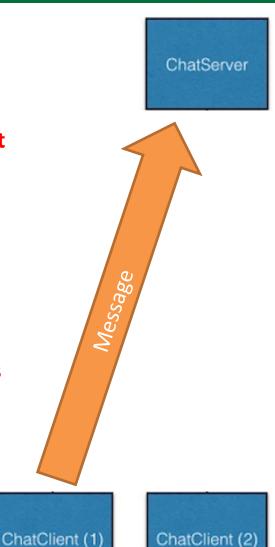
Client sends message to server

When one Client sends a message, want to broadcast it to all other clients

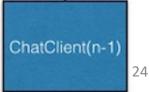
Server coordinates messages

Server receives message from Client, then repeats message to all other Clients

ChatClient (0)



....



Goal: Chat server allows communication between multiple clients

Message

ChatClient (1)

ChatServer

Message

Server broadcasts message to all clients

What if a message comes into a Client that is "blocking" waiting for input from keyboard

Would like to see message displayed even if typing (or not)

ChatClient (0)

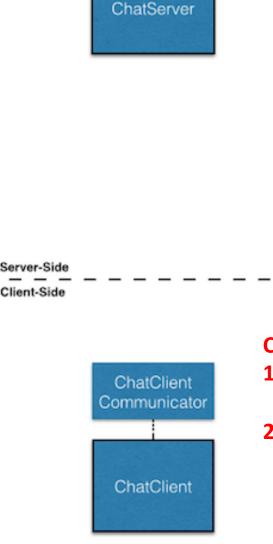
ChatClient (2)

....

Message

Client listens for keyboard on main thread creates Communicator on second thread

Client

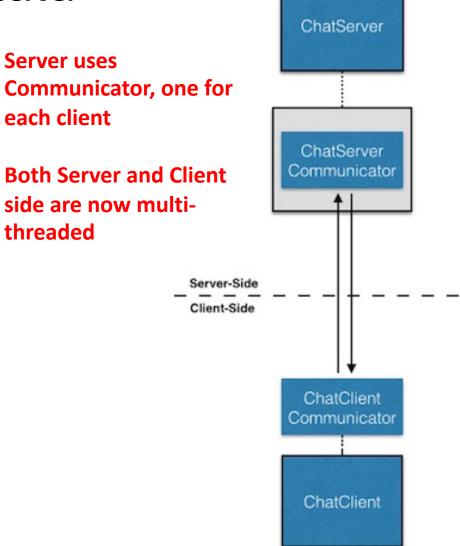


Client uses two threads:

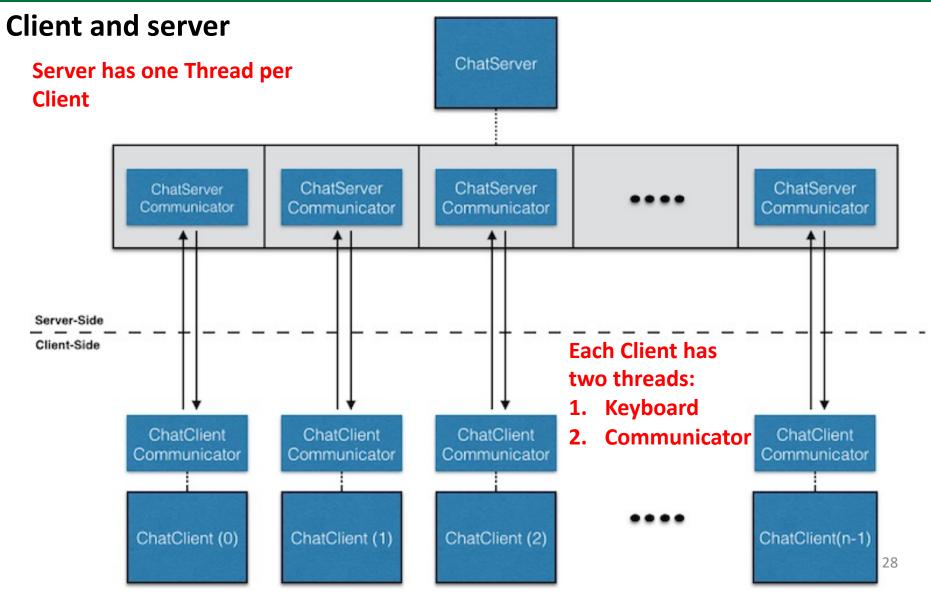
- 1. Listen for keyboard input (blocks Thread until Enter key pressed)
- 2. Communicates with server on separate Thread (does not block waiting for keyboard input)

ChatServer creates a Communicator for each client

Server



ChatServer handles multiple clients and broadcasts message to each client



ChatServer manages one Communicator for each Client

Server

ChatServer.java

```
Communicators
14 public class ChatServer {
                                                       // for accepting connections
                                                                                                             Communicator
15
       private ServerSocket listen;
       private ArrayList<ChatServerCommunicator> comms; // all the connections with clients
16
                                                                                                                     Client
17
180
       public ChatServer(ServerSocket listen) {
19
           this.listen = listen;
20
           comms = new ArrayList<ChatServerCommunicator>();
21
       }
22
230
       /**
        * The usual loop of accepting connections and firing off new threads to handle them
24
25
        */
       public void getConnections() throws IOException {
269
27
           while (true) {
               //listen.accept in next line blocks until new connection
28
29
               ChatServerCommunicator comm = new ChatServerCommunicator(listen.accept(), this);
30
               comm.setDaemon(true);
               comm.start();
31
               addCommunicator(comm);
32
33
           }
       }
34
35
369
       /**
37
        * Adds the handler to the list of current client handlers
        */
38
       public synchronized void addCommunicator(ChatServerCommunicator comm) {
390
40
           comms.add(comm);
41
       }
42
       /**
430
        * Removes the handler from the list of current client handlers
44
45
        */
       public synchronized void removeCommunicator(ChatServerCommunicator comm) {
469
47
           comms.remove(comm);
                                                                                                                                           29
       }
48
10
```

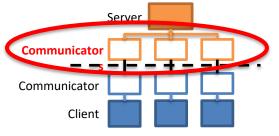
ChatServer manages one Communicator for each Client

```
ChatServer.java
                                                                                                       Server
                                                                                           Communicators
                                                                                           Communicator
                                                                                                  Client
         */
 45
        public synchronized void removeCommunicator(ChatServerCommunicator comm) {
 46∍
            comms.remove(comm);
 47
        }
 48
 49
 500
        /**
 51
         * Sends the message from the one client handler to all the others (but not echoing
 52
         */
 53⊝
        public synchronized void broadcast(ChatServerCommunicator from, String msg) {
 54
            for (ChatServerCommunicator c : comms) {
 55
                 if (c != from) {
                     c.send(msg);
 56
 57
                 }
 58
            }
 59
        }
 60
 619
        public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
            System.out.println("waiting for connections");
 62
 63
            new ChatServer(new ServerSocket(4242)).getConnections();
 64
        }
 65 }
```

Each ChatServerCommunicator runs on own Thread and talks with one Client

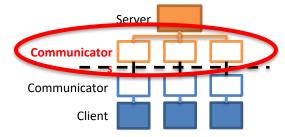
ChatServerCommunicator.java

```
9 public class ChatServerCommunicator extends Thread {
        private Socket sock;
                                             // each instance is in a different thread and has its own socket
10
       private ChatServer server;
                                                 // the main server instance
11
12
       private String name;
                                             // client's name (first interaction with server)
       private BufferedReader in;
                                                 // from client
13
                                             // to client
14
        private PrintWriter out:
15
       public ChatServerCommunicator(Socket sock, ChatServer server) {
16
17
            this.sock = sock:
18
            this.server = server;
19
       }
20
<u>▲21</u>⊜
        public void run() {
22
            try {
23
                System.out.println("someone connected");
 24
 25
                // Communication channel
 26
                in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(sock.getInputStream()));
                out = new PrintWriter(sock.getOutputStream(), true);
 27
 28
 29
                // Identify -- first message is the name
 30
                name = in.readLine();
 31
                System.out.println("it's "+name);
 32
                out.println("welcome "+name);
33
                server.broadcast(this, name + " entered the room");
 34
35
                // Chat away
 36
                Strina line:
37
                while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
 38
                    String msg = name + ":" + line;
                    System.out.println(msg);
 39
 40
                    server.broadcast(this, msg);
                }
41
 42
43
                // Done
                System.out.println(name + " hung up");
 44
                server.broadcast(this, name + " left the room");
45
 46
47
                // Clean up -- note that also remove self from server's list of handlers so it doesn't broadcas
                server.removeCommunicator(this);
 48
49
                out.close();
 50
                in.close();
51
                sock.close();
52
            3
            atch (TOExcontion a) [
E D
```



Each ChatServerCommunicator runs on own Thread and talks with one Client

ChatServerCommunicator.java

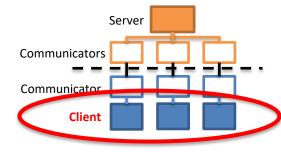


```
/**
58⊜
59
        * Sends a message to the client
60
          @param msg
61
        */
629
       public void send(String msg) {
63
            out.println(msg);
       }
64
65 }
66
```

ChatClient manages keyboard input and creates a ChatClientCommunicator

ChatClient.java

```
11 public class ChatClient {
       private Scanner console;
                                                // input from the user
12
       private ChatClientCommunicator comm;
13
                                                // communication with the server
14
       private boolean hungup = false;
                                                    // has the server hung up on us?
15
169
       public ChatClient(Socket sock) throws IOException {
17
           // For reading lines from the console
18
           console = new Scanner(System.in);
19
20
           // Fire off a new thread to handle incoming messages from server
21
           comm = new ChatClientCommunicator(sock, this);
22
           comm.setDaemon(true);
23
           comm.start();
24
25
           // Greeting; name request and response
           System.out.println("Please enter your name");
26
27
           String name = console.nextLine(): //blocks until keyboard input
28
           comm.send(name);
29
       }
30
       /**
319
32
        * Get console input and send it to server;
33
        * stop & clean up when server has hung up (noted by hungup)
34
        */
       public void handleUser() throws IOException {
35
           while (!hungup) {
36
37
               //console.nextLine() blocks until text is entered
38
               comm.send(console.nextLine());
39
           }
40
       }
41
       /**
420
        * Notes that the server has hung up (so handleUser loop will terminate)
43
44
        */
459
       public void hangUp() {
46
           hungup = true:
47
       }
48
49
       public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
           new ChatClient(new Socket("localhost", 4242)).handleUser();
50
51
       }
52 }
```



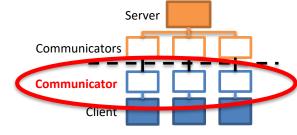
ChatClientCommunicator runs on its own Thread to communicate with Server

ChatClientCommunicator.java

53

}

```
10 public class ChatClientCommunicator extends Thread {
11
        private Socket sock;
                                 // the underlying socket for communication
                                         // for which this is handling communication
12
        private ChatClient client;
13
        private BufferedReader in;
                                         // from server
14
        private PrintWriter out;
                                     // to server
15
        public ChatClientCommunicator(Socket sock, ChatClient client) throws IOException {
16.
17
            this.sock = sock:
            this.client = client:
18
            in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(sock.getInputStream()));
19
20
            out = new PrintWriter(sock.getOutputStream(), true);
21
       }
22
        public void send(String msg) {
230
24
            //called when have keyboard input
25
            this.out.println(msg);
26
       }
27
<mark>▲</mark>28⊜
        public void run() {
29
            // Get lines from server: print to console
30
            try {
31
                String line;
32
                while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
33
                    System.out.println(line);
34
                }
            }
35
36
            catch (IOException e) {
37
                e.printStackTrace();
38
            3
39
            finally {
40
                client.hangUp();
41
                System.out.println("server hung up");
42
            }
43
            // Clean up
44
45
            try {
46
                out.close();
47
                in.close();
48
                sock.close();
49
            }
50
            catch (IOException e) {
51
                e.printStackTrace();
52
            }
```



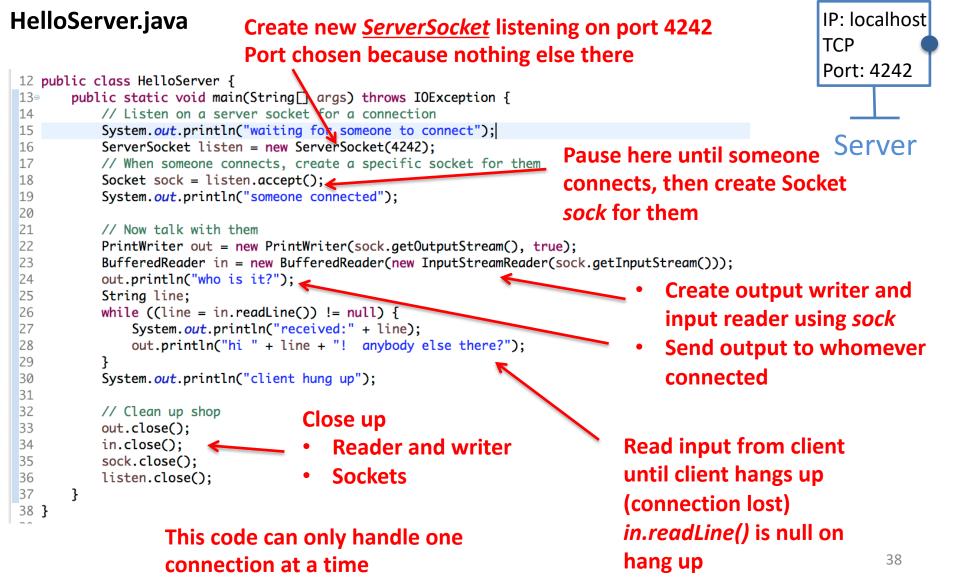
Summary

- Sockets are used to allow communication between a server and a client
 - Port number is necessary (+ IP address)
 - Reading and writing similar to files
- Multiple threads for concurrent code execution
 - Extends Thread
 - needs to override run
 - Have a main that can instantiate new threads

Additional Resources

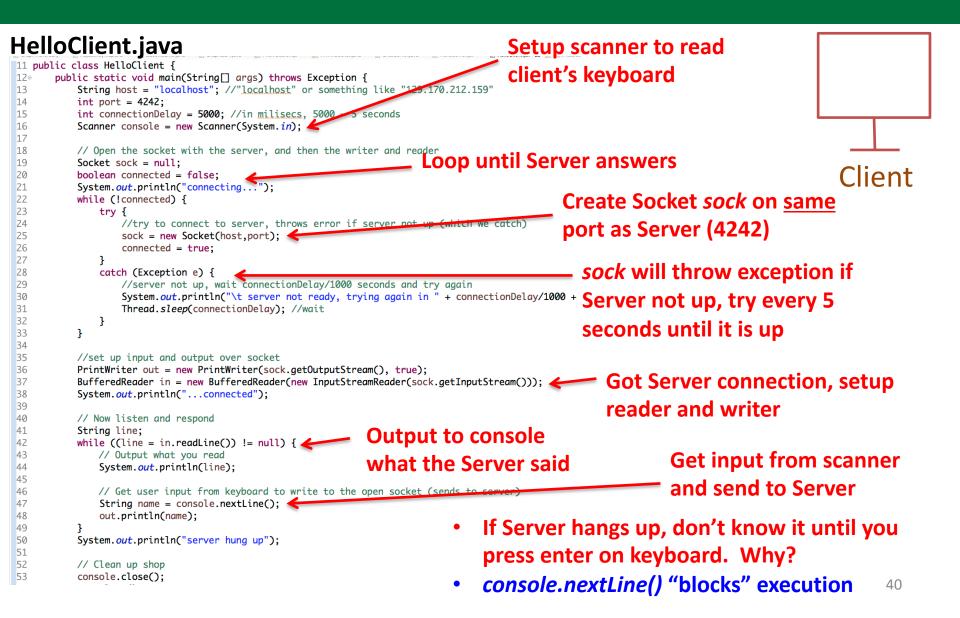
HelloServer.java

We can create our own server that will listen for clients to connect and respond



HelloClient.java

Our Client talks to our Server



Threads

Currently our server can only handle one client at a time

Using Java's Thread mechanism to overcome single client issue

- We would like our server to talk to multiple clients at the same time (called *concurrent* users)
- Trick is to give each client its own socket
- That way the server can talk "concurrently" with multiple clients
- Java provides a Thread class to handle concurrency (multiple processes running at same time)
- Threads are much lighter than running multiple instances of a program (more on threads next class)
- Inherit from Thread class and override run method
- Start thread using start method (calls run method)

By using Threads, one Server can handle multiple concurrent Clients

Create a ServerSocket to listen for

HelloMultithreadedServer.java

incoming connections 14 public class HelloMultithreadedServer num keeps track of how private ServerSocket listen, // where clients initially connect 15 16 many connections have 17⊝ public HelloMultithreadedServer(ServerSocket listen) { 18 this.listen = listen; been made 19 } 20 **Loop forever** 219 /** Put new connections on 22 * Listens to listen and fires off new communicators to handle the clients 23 */ their own Thread with public void getConnections() throws IOException { 249 25 System.out.println("waiting for someone to connect"); Communicator 26 // Just keep accepting connections and firing off new threads to handle them. *setDaemon(true)* means stop this Thread 27 28 while (true) { 29 //listen.accept in next line blocks until a connection is made main Thread ends 30 HelloServerCommunicator client = new HelloServerCommunicator(listen.accept(), num++); 31 client.setDaemon(true): // handler thread terminates when main thread does 32 Block until Client connects, 33 client.start(); //start new thread running 34 3 then return new Socket 35 *start()* causes a Thread to begin running 36 } in Thread Object's run() method 37 Pass new ServerSocket on public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException { 389 new HelloMultithreadedServer(new ServerSocket(4242)).getConnections(); 39 port 4242 to constructor 40 Then call getConnections() 41 } Big idea: start a new thread whenever a client connects 47 43 so this thread can go back to listening for new clients

HelloServerCommunicator runs on its own Thread, handles one Client's connection

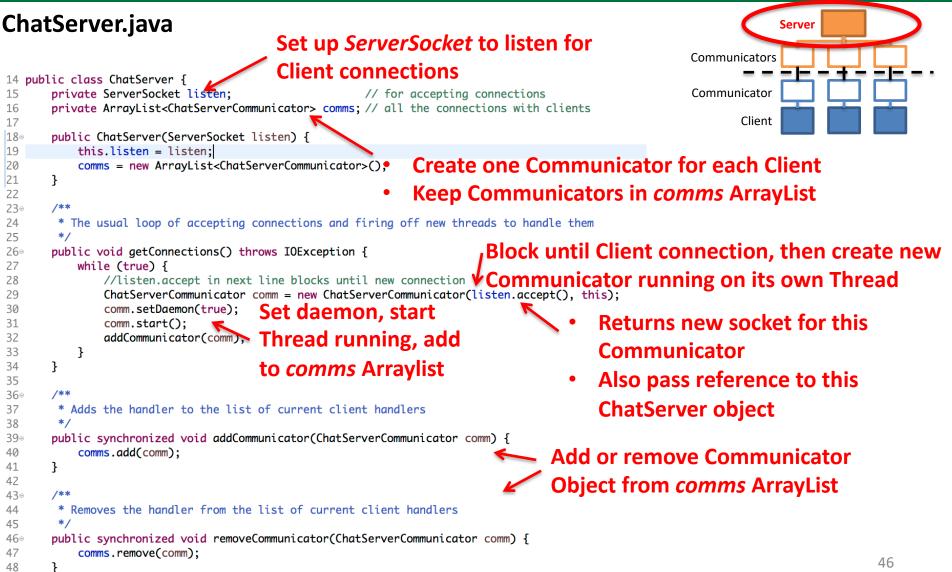
Extends Thread

HelloServerCommunicator.java

```
When start() called on Thread, it
 9 public class HelloServerCommunicator extends Thread {
                                                                                     calls Thread's run() method
10
       private Socket sock = null;
                                   // to talk with client
11
       private int id;
                                   // for marking the messages (just for clarity in reading conso
12
13<sup>o</sup>
       public HelloServerCommunicator(Socket sock, int id) {
14
          this.sock = sock;
          this.id = id; Save socket to talk to Client and
15
16
       }
17
                       keep id for convenience
189
       /**
       * The body of the thread is basically the same as what we had in main() of the single-threade
19
       */
20
                                                                                     Print id number so we can
<u>▲21</u>⊖
       public void run() {
22
          // Smother any exceptions, to match the signature of Thread.run()
                                                                                     track who is
23
          try {
              System.out.println("#" + id + " connected");
24
                                                                                     communicating
25
26
              // Communication channel
27
              BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(sock.getInputStream()));
28
              PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(sock.getOutputStream(), true);
                                                                             Setup run() to function the same as
29
30
              // Talk
                                                                             single-threaded version
31
              out.println("who is it?");
32
              String line;
33
              while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
34
                 System.out.println("#" + id + " received:" + line);
                                                                             Now this Thread runs independently
35
                 out.println("hi " + line + "! anybody else there?");
36
              }
                                                                             of other Threads
37
              System.out.println("#" + id + " hung up");
38
39
              // Clean up
40
              out.close();
              in.close();
41
                                                                             Handles one Client connection
42
              sock.close();
43
          }
44
          catch (IOException e) {
45
              e.printStackTrace();
                                                                             Stops when main Thread stops
46
          }
                                                                                                                                  44
47
       }
                                                                             (daemon true)
48 }
```

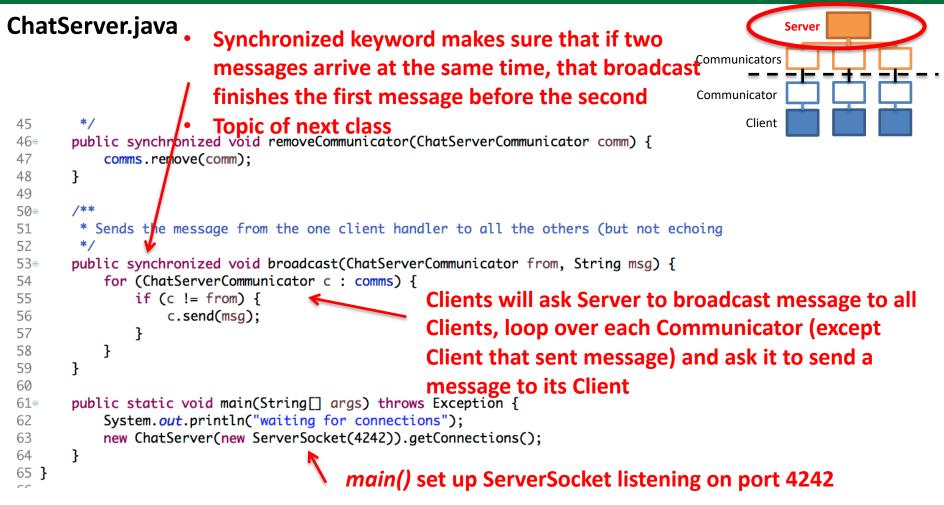
Chat

ChatServer manages one Communicator for each Client



10

ChatServer manages one Communicator for each Client



Each ChatServerCommunicator runs on own Thread and talks with one Client

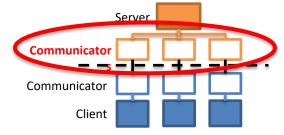


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Each ChatServerCommunicator runs on own Thread and talks with one Client

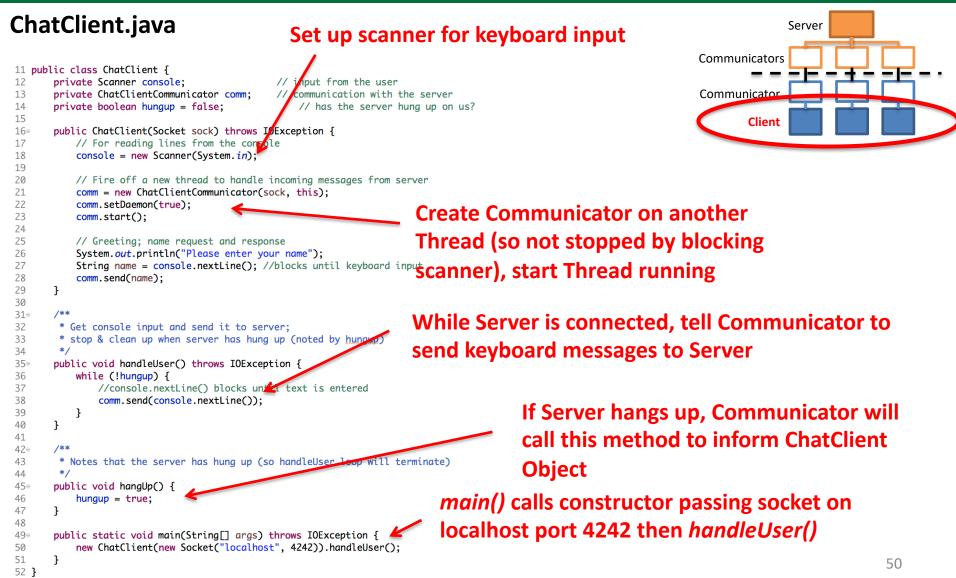
ChatServerCommunicator.java



```
/**
58⊜
         * Sends a message to the client
59
60
           @param msg
61
         */
629
        public void send(String msg) {
            out.println(msg);
63
        }
64
65 }
                                         When another Client sends a message
66
                                         to the Server via broadcast() method,
                                         the Server will call send() on each
                                         Communicator to broadcast the
```

message to all Clients

ChatClient manages keyboard input and creates a ChatClientCommunicator



ChatClientCommunicator runs on its own Thread to communicate with Server

